



# SciKG Part 2: Scientific and Biomedical Ontologies

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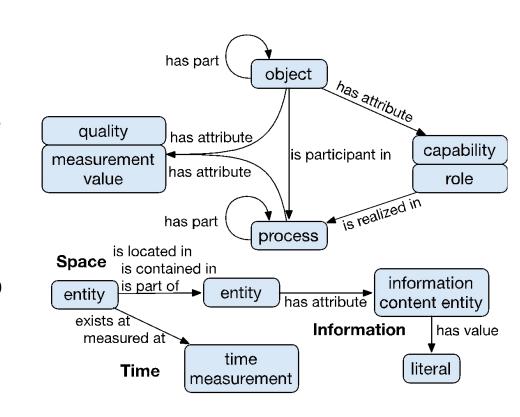
### Part 2: Scientific and Biomedical Ontologies

- The role of standardized terminology in science
- Semanticscience Integrated Ontology (SIO)
- Human-Aware Science Ontology (HAScO)
- Disease Ontology (DOID)
- Chemical Elements of Biological Interest (ChEBI)



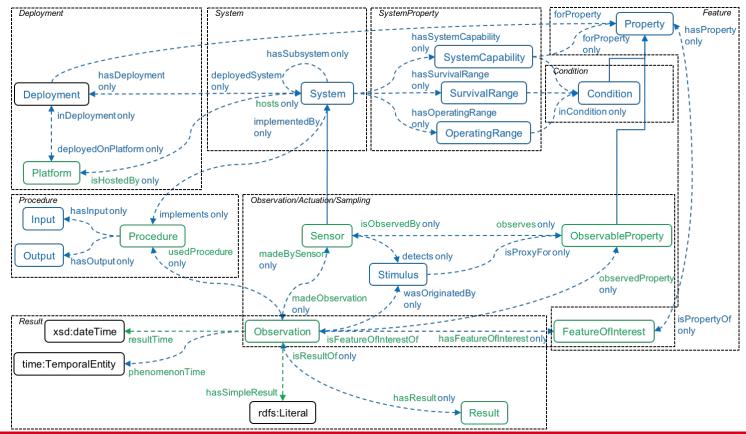
# Realist Ontology with:

- Existence Qualities
- Simple quantitative and qualitative attributes
- Easy integration of experimental data and findings (knowledge)
- Single ontology for science basics
- Easily integrates clases from OBO Foundry ontologies





# W3C's Semantic Sensor Network Ontology (SSN/SOSA)





## W3C's Semantic Sensor Network Ontology (SSN/SOSA)

 "...an ontology for describing sensors and their observations, the involved procedures, the studied features of interest, the samples used to do so, and the observed properties, as well as actuators."



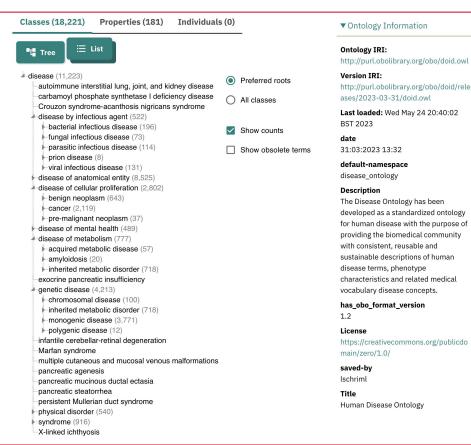
# Human-Aware Science Ontology (HAScO)

(See contents in the sub slide deck)

#### Human Disease Ontology (DOID)

# OBO Foundry ontology with:

- Deep Hierarchy: starts with Disease.
- Class-wise Linked Data
- Formal definitions with property restrictions.
- Detailed definitions and provenance.



## Chemical Elements of Biological Interest (ChEBI)



# Chemical hierarchy with:

- Many identifiers: INCHI, IUPAC, XRefs
- Formulae, structures, descriptions, etc.
- Basic properties (mass, charge, etc.)

