I. Use Case Description				
Use Case Name	Find a Friend			
Use Case Identifier				
Source				
Point of Contact	Ashley Choi, <u>choia5@rpi.edu</u>			
	Danielle Villa, <u>villad4@rpi.edu</u>			
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Creation / Revision Date	10/25/2022			
Associated Documents				

II. Use Case Summ	nary
Goal	The goal of this ontology is to recommend a dog breed based on the
Requirements	specifications of a particular householdThe system must be able to differentiate between different breeds and their
Requirements	characteristics, as listed below:
	Breed Group, minimum height (once fully grown), maximum height,
	minimum weight, maximum weight, minimum expected lifespan, maximum
	expected lifespan, colors, markings, minimum price range, maximum price
	range, coat length, coat type, popularity ranking by year and organization,
	training purpose, intelligence, trainability, friendliness with strangers,
	friendliness with children, friendliness with cats, adaptability, watchdog
	ability, playfulness, health issue susceptibility, exercise needs, mental
	stimulation needs, barking level, drooling level, and grooming level.
	The system must return a list of all dog breeds and their basic
	characteristics.
Scope	This application can only recommend dog breeds and will not recommend
	any breeds of other animals. This ontology should evaluate breeds using
	the following characteristics: height, weight, grooming frequency,
Duiquity	shedding, energy, trainability, demeanour, hypoallergenic status.
Priority Stakeholders	Households looking to adopt a dog dog broodong sheltong not stones dogs
Description	 Households looking to adopt a dog, dog breeders, shelters, pet stores, dogs This application recommends dog breeds to households given some
Description	specific characteristics of the homeowner based on a list of specifications:
	type of residence, including availability of indoor and outdoor space,
	number of individuals (along with factors about these individuals
	including allergies, exercise level, number of available interactable hours,
	and number of hours in the residence), and whether or not the family has
	children Additionally, the recommendation would provide a list of other
	potential dog breeds that may suit the family's needs to account for any
	potential subjective factors like cuteness.
Actors / Interfaces	<i>Customer/Seeking dog – This person will directly benefit from the ontology</i>
	as it will help them find the dog that best suits their condition.
	Breeders – This actor will use the ontology to better determine households
	that are a good fit for the limited number of puppies per litter. They will
	also be more aware of what their specific breeds need and better take care
	of their litters prior to selling them.
	Pet Stores – This actor will benefit from being able to stock their stores
	with more dog breeds that fit the description of a large proportion of
	people in their local area. They will also benefit as owners who are more

	aware of the needs of their dog will both purchase more dogs and purchase more supplies to properly meet the needs of the dog.
	Shelters – This actor could benefit from knowing which dog breeds benefit in each type of home, allowing for the potential of transferring them to an area where there are more people that can provide them a suitable home. They will benefit if more users utilize this ontology as it will decrease the amount of dogs in shelter as a result of the new owners not being able to meet the needs of the dog.
	Dogs – This actor will benefit from this ontology as more people getting dogs will be aware of their needs and hopefully chose to provide them
Pre-conditions	The customer is aware of their family's size, age, housing situation, allergies, and overall level of fitness.
	The ontology must have a knowledge base with all information about all recognized dog breeds.
Post-conditions	The ontology will provide many different types of dog breeds, differentiated by their various height, weight, grooming frequency, shedding, energy, trainability, demeanour, and hypoallergenic status.
	The ontology will implement the following constraints as follows:
	Hard constraints: Allergies, the breed's exercise needs, friendliness with kids, friendliness with cats, If the user lives in an apartment, small-medium size and low barking. If the user requires a breed for a specific purpose, trainability and purpose.
	Soft constraints: User preferences, coat type, coat length, budget If the user lives in an apartment, friendliness with strangers.
	The application will then close.
Triggers	A household, looking to adopt/buy a dog but unsure of what breed, launches the application, inputs their information, and requests recommendations.
Performance Requirements	
Assumptions	We assume that people opening the application are looking to get a dog and not another type of pet.
	Dog breed assumptions: Having children -> breed should be good with kids, friendly, energetic, and less independent as kids will likely want to spend time with a more dependent dog
	Apartment/Small House -> breed should be of small height/weight,low amounts of barking, calm temperament, and friendly with strangers Student/Full-Time Employee -> breed should be more independent Having other pets -> breed should be friendly with other dogs or different pet species
	Student/Low Budget -> Breed should have fewer expensive health issues and a lower requirement for expensive food/toys Enjoys walking/hiking/exercise -> breed should be energetic and have high

	exercise needs Service dog/seeing eye dog/etc> breed should have high levels of trainability as they will likely be used for a task
Open Issues	

III. Usage Scenarios

A young couple <u>without children</u> is looking for <u>a medium-sized</u> dog. They live in <u>an apartment with a large</u> <u>backyard in Seattle, Washington</u>. One person has a <u>dog allergy</u> and is not very active, but has a job where they can <u>work at home</u>. The other person is in the office from 9-5, but is interested <u>in running and takes</u> <u>hikes</u>. Due to busy schedules, the apartment will not be cleaned often. The recommender system, as such, will look for small to medium dogs that are hypoallergenic, good with strangers, low level of barking, does not require constant physical activity, and has a low grooming and drooling level. The system will incorporate hard constraints on the dog allergy, activeness, as it is incredibly important to some breeds to get enough exercise, low level of barking, and smaller size, as many apartments will have breed and size restrictions, which can later be edited by the user if this is not the case. Soft constraints of the family's preferences, the medium sized dog, good with strangers, as it is not guaranteed that the dog will be in constant company of strangers, and the low amounts of drooling and grooming, will be taken into consideration.

A large family consisting of 3 kids is looking for a dog. They live in a very <u>large house with a large front</u> <u>yard</u>. <u>The kids are ages 6, 9, and 15</u>. Their house is in <u>Stamford</u>, <u>Connecticut</u>. There is always someone at home, and there are <u>known allergies</u>. Additionally, the parents are looking to provide a pet that will both <u>entertain their kids</u> and provide a sense of <u>responsibility</u>. They have a <u>pet cat</u>. The system will look for dogs that enjoy a regular amount of exercise, is good with children, has a medium coat to handle the variety of weather in Stamford, Connecticut, enjoys attention, and is good with cats. The hard constraints that the system will put in place include being good with children and being good with cats. Soft constraints will include having a medium coat, requiring a regular amount of exercise, and enjoying attention.

A young person looking to work as a <u>dog trainer</u> is looking for a new <u>challenge</u> to take on. They live in an area with <u>lots of backyard</u> and local trails for <u>hiking</u> trips. They are hoping to <u>adopt and foster as many</u> <u>dogs</u> as possible, hoping for this first dog to be a <u>good leader</u> for the rest. They currently work a <u>remote job</u>. They have a <u>garden in the backyard</u> that they regularly maintain. The recommender system will look for dogs that have low trainability values, enjoy lots of exercise, and get along well with other dogs. The hard constraints for this would be getting along with other dogs. The soft constraints will include the owners preferences, including low trainability and high amounts of exercise.

An older person is looking for a new life companion. They were hoping to create a <u>social media page</u> for their new dog as it would give them an excuse to keep in touch with their children and grandchildren. They live alone in a <u>small apartment</u>, but they would like <u>a lively dog</u>. They live on retirement with a <u>very low</u> <u>influx of money</u>. The system will prioritize dogs that are popular, small, low levels of barking, good with strangers, energetic, and generally have a low amount of health issues. Hard constraints include a small size and low levels of barking. Soft constraints include being good with strangers, as it is not guaranteed the dog will be exposed to strangers often, low amounts of health issues, as health issues cannot always be accurately predicted, and energetic, as these are more preferences of the user.

A family with <u>small kids</u> are looking for a dog to <u>help around their farm in Texas</u>. They live in a <u>large farm</u> <u>house with a lot of land and expect a breed that can act as a herding dog</u>. There are <u>no known allergies and</u> <u>are willing to exercise the dog as much as needed</u>. The recommender system will look for dogs that can perform the herding purpose with high trainability levels, high exercise levels, and good with kids. The hard constraints for this dog would be high herding ability and good with kids with soft constraints of high trainability and exercise levels.

A group of 4 <u>college students</u> is looking to adopt a dog. They live in <u>an apartment and want a dog to take on</u> <u>their weekend adventures</u>. Their apartment complex has a <u>small yard garden</u>. The system will infer that the household has a low budget and a low amount of available time due to their student status, thus requiring a dog with a cheaper purchase cost and more independence. Additionally, the system will infer that the dog should have low to medium exercise needs, small to medium size, low amounts of barking, and good with strangers due to their apartment conditions. Thus, the system will recommend dogs that are cheaper to purchase, more independent, have low to moderate exercise needs, have small to medium size, low amounts of barking, and friendliness with strangers. The hard constraints will be independence and low amounts of barking while soft constraints will consist of low to moderate exercise needs, small to medium size, friendliness with strangers, and a lower cost to purchase.

A family just came into a pet store looking to get a new dog, and the store owner wants to help them find a dog that would work well with their lives. The parents said that they hadn't done any research yet since they wanted their kids to pick a dog they like, but that they weren't worried because they already had a dog and a cat. The store owner is worried that the dog the children pick will not get along with the other animals. The parents also said that there were no known allergies and that they had a large backyard for the dogs and kids to play in.

Basic	/ Normal Flow	of Events	
Step	Actor (Person)	Actor (System)	Description
1	User		Launches application
2	User		Inputs information regarding household characteristics
3		System	Creates assumptions about household characteristics and returns to use
4	User		Adjusts assumptions/characteristics
5	User		Requests breed recommendations
6		System	Queries knowledge base and ranks potential dog breeds
7		System	Returns rankings,dog breed characteristics, corresponding dog breed characteristics, and source for dog breed information
8	User		Receives and analyses returned results
9	User		Is satisfied with results and finds a pet store/breeder/shelter to adopt the dog

IV. Basic Flow of Events

Description: This is the basic flow for a standard usage of the recommender. The user, a person looking to adopt a dog, will log into the application and input their household information. The application will make assumptions based on the household characteristics and wait for confirmation from the user to edit/confirm necessary breed characteristics. The application will then query its knowledge base and return a ranked list of breeds that fit the needs of the user, the breed/user characteristics that match, and the sources of the breed characteristic.

V. Alternate Flow of Events

Alterr	Alternate Flow of Events #1					
Step	ep Actor (Person) Actor Description					
		(System)				
1	User	System	Proceeds with steps 1-9 of basic flow			

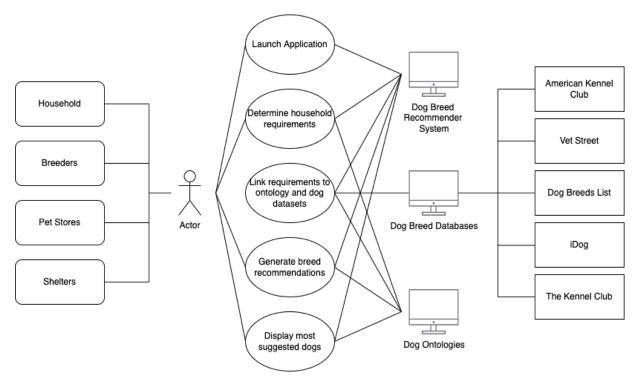
2	User		Is unsatisfied with existing results because top rated breed is not cute
3	User		Indicates to the system to not include the previously- suggested breed in its recommendations
4	User		Requests new breed recommendations
5	User	System	Return to step 6 of Basic Flow

Description: This is an alternate use case for if the user is not satisfied with the results of the recommender. Specifically, if the user is not satisfied with the cuteness of the top recommendations.

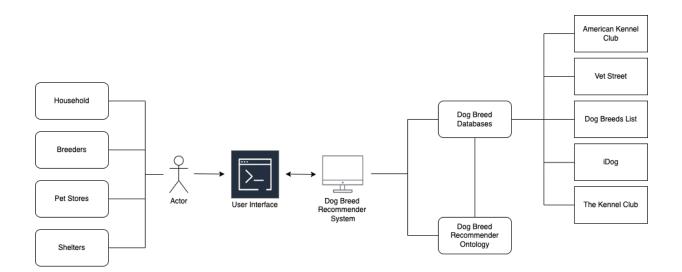
VI. Use Case and Activity Diagram(s)

Provide the primary use case diagram, including actors, and a high-level activity diagram to show the flow of primary events that include/surround the use case. Subordinate diagrams that map the flow for each usage scenario should be included as appropriate

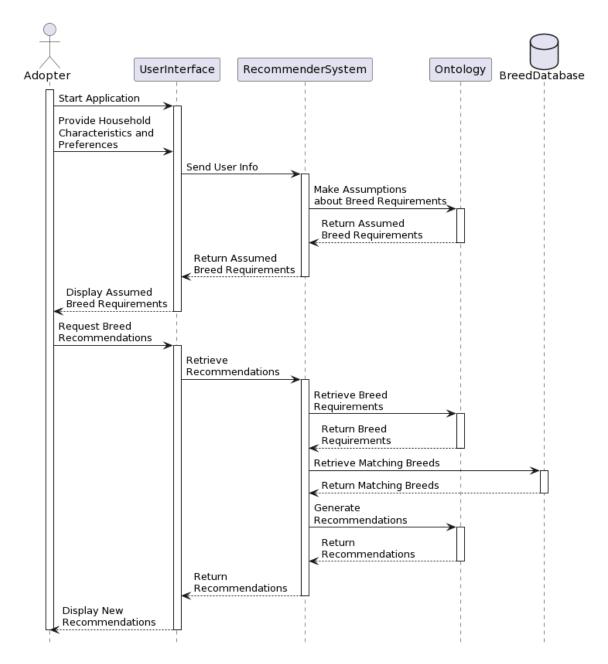
Use Case Diagram



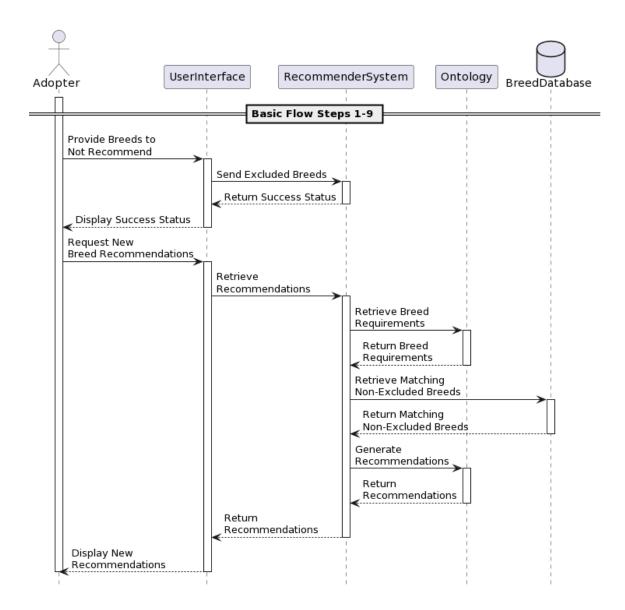
Architecture Diagram



Activity Diagram - Basic Flow



Activity Diagram - Alternate Flow #1



VII. Competency Questions

All competency questions we intend on focusing on will be bolded

1. What dog breed would meet the needs of a large family with allergies in a large home?

Sample answer: Goldendoodle

Terms used: dog, breed, family, residence, indoor space, house, family, person, allergies Semantic process involved: Simple lookup to find suitable breeds, reasoning to check for constraints

Usage scenario covered: A large family consisting of 3 kids is looking for a dog. Description and ontology use:

Ontology process: The system first infers that the family requires a hypoallergenic dog. It next must infer from the large family that there are children. Thus, it requires a breed that is good with children, friendly, and has a high energy level. Using this information, the system will query for breeds that are hypoallergenic, good with children, high amounts of energy, friendly, and very

active. Finally, the system sorts based on popularity, producing the top 10 results, with the top result being a Goldendoodle. Users may request for more results if unhappy with the first. Alternatively, they may also re-do the ontology and readjust some of the initial assumptions made.

2. What dog breeds are good for students living in apartments?

Sample answer: Japanese Chin

Terms used: dog, breed, person, number of available hours, residence, indoor space, apartment Semantic process involved: Simple lookup to find suitable breeds, reasoning to check constraints Usage scenario covered: A group of 4 college students is looking to adopt a dog. Description and ontology use:

Ontology process: Since the adopter is a student, the system can infer that they likely have little free time and a small budget. Since they live in an apartment, the system can infer that any pet must be apartment friendly and not annoy any neighbours by being loud or aggressive. Using this information, the system can query for breeds with low activity needs, low health problems (since those are expensive), are apartment friendly, bark less, and are less likely to be aggressive towards strangers. The system will sort by popularity and return the top 10 results, with the top 1 results being a Japanese Chin. If the user wishes to create a hard constraint on the estimated level of expense, they can specify this as a hard constraint after the initial breed requirements are displayed.

3. What dog breeds are good for a farm environment in Texas?

Sample answer: Australian Cattledog

Terms used: dog, breed, residence, outdoor space, yard, trainability, purpose Semantic process involved: Simply look up to find suitable breeds, reasoning to check constraints Usage scenario covered: A family with small kids are looking for a dog to help around their farm in Texas

Description and ontology use:

Ontology process: Since the dog will be on the farm, the system will first infer that they will be around other animals. The system will also know to find dogs that are capable of being trained to perform tasks, like herding other animals. From here, the system knows to narrow down for a larger, athletic dog with a loud bark. Additionally, with the owner living in Texas, the dog will need to be able to withstand lots of heat in addition to lots of exercise. Using this information, the system will query for breeds with high tolerance for other farm animals, high activity levels, high intelligence and a light fur coat. The system will sort by popularity and return the top 10 results, with the top 1 results being an Australian Cattledog.

4. Is a greyhound a good breed for a large family with multiple pets, including cats and other dogs?

Sample answer: Mediocre fit, greyhounds are not cat friendly Terms used: dog, breed, family, cat friendliness, child friendliness Semantic process involved: Look up suitable breeds, reasoning to check constraints, check constraints against listed breed Usage scenario covered: A large family consisting of 3 kids is looking for a dog; A family just came into a pet store looking to get a new dog Description and ontology use:

Ontology process: Since the adopter is a large family, the ontology assumes that there are children in the household and that an affectionate dog would be prefered. Since there are other pets in the household, any breed should not be aggressive towards cats or dogs. Using this information, the system would match this adopter with a breed that is cat friendly, child friendly, dog friendly, and affectionate towards family. It compares these characteristics with those of a greyhound, and finds that all characteristics match except being cat friendly.

5. What is a cute dog breed that can do well in an apartment that doesn't get cleaned very often?

Sample answer: Poodle

Terms used: dog, breed, residence, indoor space, apartment, drooling level, grooming level, ranking,

Semantic process involved: Look up suitable breeds, reasoning to check constraints Usage scenario covered: A young couple without children is looking for a medium-sized dog. Description and ontology use:

Ontology process: Since the dog will live in an apartment, it should be apartment friendly. Since no precise restrictions are specified the size of the dog is not restricted. If the home is not cleaned frequently, the system can assume that any dog shouldn't shed much to prevent shed hair from building up in the home. Additionally, while the system cannot quantify 'cuteness,' it will prioritise popular dogs under the assumption that more popular dogs will be better liked by the average person, accounting for subjective characteristics that the system cannot quantify. The system will then query for low shedding apartment friendly dogs and sort by popularity.

VIII. Resources

Data	Туре	Characteristics	Description	Owner	Source	Access Policies & Usage
AKC (American Kennel Club) Dataset	Remote	Web-based	Dataset containing the following data points about 277 breeds recognized by the AKC	AKC	https://www.ak c.org/dog- breeds/	Free for personal/No n- commercial usage
VetStreet	Remote	Web-based	Dataset containing information about dog breeds from vetstreet	VetStreet	http://www.vet street.com/dog s/breeds	Free for personal/non -commercial usage
Dog Breeds List	Remote	Web-based	Contains characteristics per breed, popularity, and standard price range	Dog Breeds List	https://www.do gbreedslist.info /	Free for personal/non -commercial usage
The Kennel Club UK	Remote	Web-based	Dataset containing data points about 222 breeds, with some info specific to the UK	The Kennel Club	https://www.th ekennelclub.or g.uk/search/bre eds-a-to-z/	Free for academic use

Knowledge Bases, Repositories, or other Data Sources

External Ontologies, Vocabularies, or other Model Services

		/				
Resource	Language	Description	Owner	Source	Describes/Use	Access

					S	Policies & Usage
SKOS	RDF/OW L	A W3C recommenda tion designed for classification schemes, taxonomies, subject- heading systems, or any other type of structured controlled vocabulary	W3C	https://www.w3. org/TR/2008/W D-skos- reference- 20080829/skos.h tml	Used for sharing and linking knowledge organization via the semantic web	Free for non- commerci al use

Other Resources, Service, or Triggers (e.g., event notification services, application

services, etc.)

Resource	Туре	Description	Owner	Source	Access Policies & Usage
(sensor or external service name)		Include a description of the resource as well as availability, if applicable	Primary owner of the service	Application or service URL; if subscription based, include subscription and any subscription owner	

IX. References and Bibliography

List all reference documents – policy documents, regulations, standards, de-facto standards, glossaries, dictionaries and thesauri, taxonomies, and any other reference materials considered relevant to the use case

"Answer These 5 Questions to Find the Right Dog For You." The American Kennel Club. https://www.akc.org/expert-advice/lifestyle/answer-5-questions-find-right-dog/.

"Dictionary by Merriam-Webster: America's most-trusted online dictionary." Merriam-Webster Dictionary. https://www.merriam-webster.com.

"Dog Breed Information Ultimate Resource: Listing of All Dog Breeds." Vetstreet, http://www.vetstreet.com/dogs/breeds.

"Dog Breeds - Types of Dogs." American Kennel Club, https://www.akc.org/dog-breeds/.

"Dog Breeds ." Dogbreedslist.info, https://www.dogbreedslist.info/.

"iDog." China National Center for Bioinformation: National Genomics Data Center. https://ngdc.cncb.ac.cn/idog/breed/getAllBreed.action

K.E. Holland, "Acquiring a pet dog: A review of factors affecting the decision-making of prospective dog owners," Animals, vol. 9, no. 124, Mar. 2019, doi: 10.3390/ani9040124

Kendall, Elisa F., and Deborah L. McGuinness. Ontology Engineering. Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2019.

"Oxford English Dictionary." Oxford Dictionary. https://www.oed.com/.

"SKOS Simple Knowledge Organization System RDF Schema." W3C. https://www.w3.org/TR/2008/WD-skos-reference-20080829/skos.html

X. Notes

Have not yet found a dog breed ontology. iDog has a gene ontology and a list of breeds with characteristics, but they don't seem to be integrated at all. Other ontologies also seem to be scoped at the gene level.

Tried to find an ontology that defines dogs or pets in general, but the ontologies I did find either did not have a licence agreement that I could find, had broken links that resulted in 404 errors, or were based on traits of livestock that did not describe the traits considered when getting a pet. Because of this we decided to keep Dog as the top level concept, though if we find a useable ontology in the future this may change.

We used the SKOS ontology for basic relationships and roles to assist with our ontology.

We have edited our prioritized competency questions to avoid including a competency question that requires the States ontology, which we do not yet have access to.

To address the suggestion about turning the coat type class into an enumerated class, we have decided not to turn it into an enumerated class to allow for things like disjointness and having multiple types for a single breed. We appreciate the suggestion and would just like to address this point and add our reasoning!

There was another suggestion to remove some of the enumeration of our classes to quicken the reasoner, but we have decided that will be keeping the enumeration in order to use some of our competency questions.