I. Use Case Description	1
Use Case Name	Find a Friend
Use Case Identifier	
Source	
Point of Contact	Ashley Choi, choia5@rpi.edu
	Danielle Villa, <u>villad4@rpi.edu</u>
	Debjani Ray-Majumder, <u>raymad@rpi.edu</u>
Creation / Revision Date	9/22/2022
Associated Documents	

II. Use Case Summar	V
Goal	The goal of this ontology is to recommend a dog breed based on the specifications of a particular household
Requirements	The system must be able to differentiate between different breeds and their characteristics, as listed below: Breed Group, minimum height (once fully grown), maximum height, minimum weight, maximum weight, minimum expected lifespan, maximum expected lifespan, colors, markings, minimum price range, maximum price range, coat length, coat type, popularity ranking by year and organization, training purpose, intelligence, trainability, friendliness with strangers, friendliness with children, friendliness with cats, adaptability, watchdog ability, playfulness, health issue susceptibility, exercise needs, mental stimulation needs, barking level, drooling level, and grooming level. The system must return a list of all dog breeds and their basic characteristics.
Scope	This application can only recommend dog breeds and will not recommend any breeds of other animals. This ontology should evaluate breeds using the following characteristics: height, weight, grooming frequency, shedding, energy, trainability, demeanour, hypoallergenic status.
Priority	
Stakeholders	Households looking to adopt a dog, dog breeders, shelters, pet stores, dogs
Description	This application recommends dog breeds to households given some specific characteristics of the homeowner based on a list of specifications: type of residence, including availability of indoor and outdoor space, number of individuals (along with factors about these individuals including allergies, exercise level, number of available interactable hours, and number of hours in the residence), and whether or not the family has children Additionally, the recommendation would provide a list of other potential dog breeds that may suit the family's needs to account for any potential subjective factors like cuteness.
Actors / Interfaces	Customer/Seeking dog – This person will directly benefit from the ontology as it will help them find the dog that best suits their condition. Breeders – This actor will use the ontology to better determine households that are a good fit for the limited number of puppies per litter. They will also be more aware of what their specific breeds need and better take care of their litters prior to selling them.
	Pet Stores – This actor will benefit from being able to stock their stores with more dog breeds that fit the description of a large proportion of people in their local area. They will also benefit as owners who are more aware of the needs of their dog will both purchase more dogs and purchase

	more supplies to properly meet the needs of the dog.
	Shelters – This actor could benefit from knowing which dog breeds benefit in each type of home, allowing for the potential of transferring them to an area where there are more people that can provide them a suitable home. They will benefit if more users utilize this ontology as it will decrease the amount of dogs in shelter as a result of the new owners not being able to meet the needs of the dog.
	Dogs – This actor will benefit from this ontology as more people getting dogs will be aware of their needs and hopefully chose to provide them
Pre-conditions	The customer is aware of their family's size, age, housing situation, allergies, and overall level of fitness.
	The ontology must have a knowledge base with all information about all recognized dog breeds.
Post-conditions	The ontology will provide many different types of dog breeds, differentiated by their various height, weight, grooming frequency, shedding, energy, trainability, demeanour, and hypoallergenic status.
	The ontology will implement the following constraints as follows:
	Hard constraints: Allergies, the breed's exercise needs, friendliness with kids, friendliness with cats, If the user lives in an apartment, small-medium size and low barking.
	If the user requires a breed for a specific purpose, trainability and purpose.
	Soft constraints: User preferences, coat type, coat length, budget If the user lives in an apartment, friendliness with strangers.
	The application will then close.
Triggers	A household, looking to adopt/buy a dog but unsure of what breed, launches the application, inputs their information, and requests recommendations.
Performance	
Requirements	
Assumptions	We assume that people opening the application are looking to get a dog and not another type of pet.
	Dog breed assumptions: Having children -> breed should be good with kids, friendly, energetic,
	and less independent as kids will likely want to spend time with a more dependent dog
	Apartment/Small House -> breed should be of small height/weight,low amounts of barking, calm temperament, and friendly with strangers Student/Full-Time Employee -> breed should be more independent Having other pets -> breed should be friendly with other dogs or different
	pet species Student/Low Budget -> Breed should have fewer expensive health issues and a lower requirement for expensive food/toys
	Enjoys walking/hiking/exercise -> breed should be energetic and have high exercise needs

	Service dog/seeing eye dog/etc> breed should have high levels of trainability as they will likely be used for a task
Open Issues	

III. Usage Scenarios

A young couple without children is looking for a medium-sized dog. They live in an apartment with a large backyard in Seattle, Washington. One person has a dog allergy and is not very active, but has a job where they can work at home. The other person is in the office from 9-5, but is interested in running and takes hikes. The recommender system, as such, will look for small to medium dogs that are hypoallergenic, good with strangers, low level of barking, does not require constant physical activity, and has a medium coat to handle the weather in Seattle, Washington. The system will incorporate hard constraints on the dog allergy, activeness, as it is incredibly important to some breeds to get enough exercise, low level of barking, and smaller size, as many apartments will have breed and size restrictions, which can later be edited by the user if this is not the case. Soft constraints of the family's preferences, the medium sized dog, good with strangers, as it is not guaranteed that the dog will be in constant company of strangers, and the location of their residence, will be taken into consideration.

A large family consisting of 3 kids is looking for a dog. They live in a very large house with a large front yard. The kids are ages 6, 9, and 15. Their house is in Stamford, Connecticut. There is always someone at home, and there are no known allergies. Additionally, the parents are looking to provide a pet that will both entertain their kids and provide a sense of responsibility. There is no other dog present in the household, but they do have a pet cat. The system will look for dogs that enjoy a regular amount of exercise, is good with children, has a medium coat to handle the variety of weather in Stamford, Connecticut, enjoys attention, and is good with cats. The hard constraints that the system will put in place include being good with children and being good with cats. Soft constraints will include having a medium coat, requiring a regular amount of exercise, and enjoying attention.

A young person looking to work as a <u>dog trainer</u> is looking for a new <u>challenge</u> to take on. They live in an area with <u>lots of backyard</u> and local trails for <u>hiking</u> trips. They are hoping to <u>adopt and foster as many dogs</u> as possible, hoping for this first dog to be a <u>good leader</u> for the rest. They currently work a <u>remote job</u>. They have a <u>garden in the backyard</u> that they regularly maintain. The recommender system will look for dogs that have low trainability values, enjoy lots of exercise, and get along well with other dogs. The hard constraints for this would be getting along with other dogs. The soft constraints will include the owners preferences, including low trainability and high amounts of exercise.

An older person is looking for a new life companion. They were hoping to create a <u>social media page</u> for their new dog as it would give them an excuse to keep in touch with their children and grandchildren. They live alone in a <u>small apartment</u>, but they would like <u>a lively dog</u>. They live on retirement with a <u>very low influx of money</u>. The system will prioritize dogs that are popular, small, low levels of barking, good with strangers, energetic, and generally have a low amount of health issues. Hard constraints include a small size and low levels of barking. Soft constraints include being good with strangers, as it is not guaranteed the dog will be exposed to strangers often, low amounts of health issues, as health issues cannot always be accurately predicted, and energetic, as these are more preferences of the user.

IV. Basic Flow of Events

Basic	Basic / Normal Flow of Events				
Step	Actor (Person)	Actor (System)	Description		
1	User		Launches application		
2	User		Inputs information regarding household characteristics		

3		System	Creates assumptions about household characteristics and
			returns to use
4	User		Adjusts assumptions/characteristics
5	User		Requests breed recommendations
6		System	Queries knowledge base and ranks potential dog breeds
7		System	Returns rankings,dog breed characteristics, corresponding dog breed characteristics, and source for dog breed information
8	User		Receives and analyses returned results
9	User		Is satisfied with results and finds a pet store/breeder/shelter to adopt the dog

Description: This is the basic flow for a standard usage of the recommender. The user, a person looking to adopt a dog, will log into the application and input their household information. The application will make assumptions based on the household characteristics and wait for confirmation from the user to edit/confirm necessary breed characteristics. The application will then query its knowledge base and return a ranked list of breeds that fit the needs of the user, the breed/user characteristics that match, and the sources of the breed characteristic.

V. Alternate Flow of Events

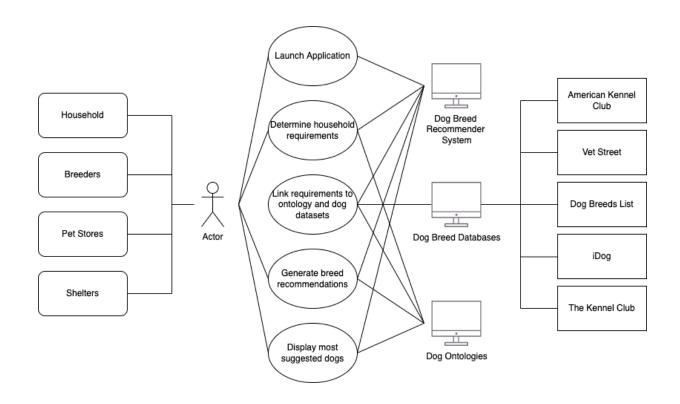
Alter	Alternate Flow of Events #1					
Step	Actor (Person)	Actor (System)	Description			
1	User	System	Proceeds with steps 1-9 of basic flow			
2	User		Is unsatisfied with existing results because top rated breed is not cute			
3	User		Indicates to the system to not include the previously-suggested breed in its recommendations			
4	User		Requests new breed recommendations			
5	User	System	Return to step 6 of Basic Flow			

Description: This is an alternate use case for if the user is not satisfied with the results of the recommender. Specifically, if the user is not satisfied with the cuteness of the top recommendations.

VI. Use Case and Activity Diagram(s)

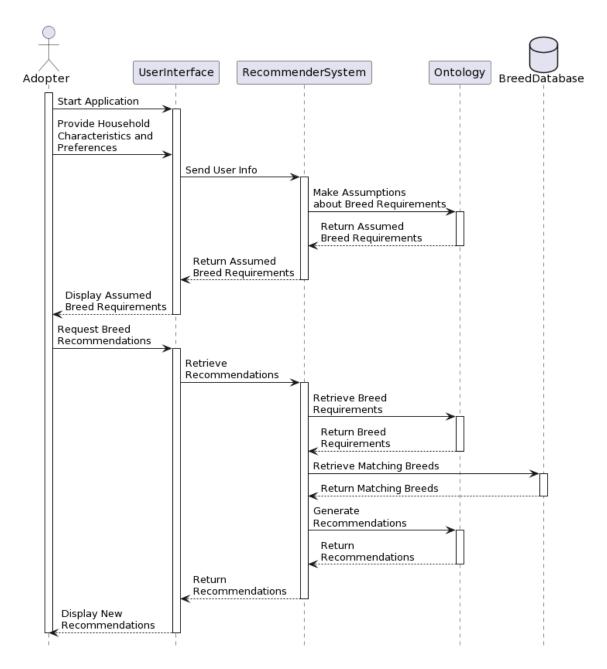
Provide the primary use case diagram, including actors, and a high-level activity diagram to show the flow of primary events that include/surround the use case. Subordinate diagrams that map the flow for each usage scenario should be included as appropriate

Use Case Diagram

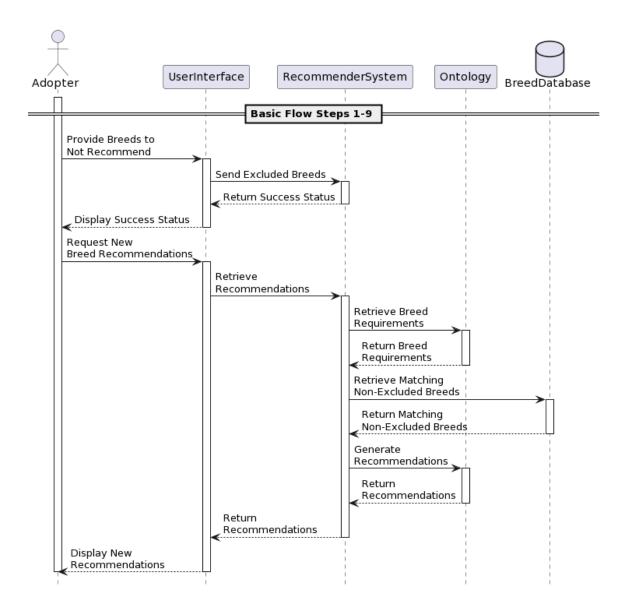


Architecture Diagram American Kennel Club Vet Street Dog Breed Databases Dog Breed Databases IDog Dog Breed Recommender System Dog Breed Recommender Ontology

Activity Diagram - Basic Flow



Activity Diagram - Alternate Flow #1



VII. Competency Questions

1. What dog breed would meet the needs of a large family with allergies in a large home?

Sample answer: Goldendoodle

Ontology process: The system first infers that the family requires a hypoallergenic dog. It next must infer from the large family that there are children. Thus, it requires a breed that is good with children, friendly, and has a high energy level. Using this information, the system will query for breeds that are hypoallergenic, good with children, high amounts of energy, friendly, and very active. Finally, the system sorts based on popularity, producing the top 10 results, with the top result being a Goldendoodle. Users may request for more results if unhappy with the first. Alternatively, they may also re-do the ontology and readjust some of the initial assumptions made.

2. What dog breeds are good for students living in apartments?

Sample answer: Japanese Chin

Ontology process: Since the adopter is a student, the system can infer that they likely have little free time and a small budget. Since they live in an apartment, the system can infer that any pet must be apartment friendly and not annoy any neighbours by being loud or aggressive. Using this information, the system can query for breeds with low activity needs, low health problems (since those are expensive), are apartment friendly, bark less, and are less likely to be aggressive towards strangers. The system will sort by popularity and return the top 10 results, with the top 1 results being a Japanese Chin. If the user wishes to create a hard constraint on the estimated level of expense, they can specify this as a hard constraint after the initial breed requirements are displayed.

3. What dog breeds are good for a farm environment in Texas?

Sample answer: Australian Cattledog

Ontology process: Since the dog will be on the farm, the system will first infer that they will be around other animals. The system will also know to find dogs that are capable of being trained to perform tasks, like herding other animals. From here, the system knows to narrow down for a larger, athletic dog with a loud bark. Additionally, with the owner living in Texas, the dog will need to be able to withstand lots of heat in addition to lots of exercise. Using this information, the system will query for breeds with high tolerance for other farm animals, high activity levels, high intelligence and a light fur coat. The system will sort by popularity and return the top 10 results, with the top 1 results being an Australian Cattledog.

4. Is a greyhound a good breed for a large family with multiple pets, including cats and other dogs?

Sample answer: Mediocre fit, greyhounds are not cat friendly

Ontology process: Since the adopter is a large family, the ontology assumes that there are children in the household and that an affectionate dog would be prefered. Since there are other pets in the household, any breed should not be aggressive towards cats or dogs. Using this information, the system would match this adopter with a breed that is cat friendly, child friendly, dog friendly, and affectionate towards family. It compares these characteristics with those of a greyhound, and finds that all characteristics match except being cat friendly.

5. What is a cute dog breed that can do well in an apartment that doesn't get cleaned very often?

Sample answer: Poodle

Ontology process: Since the dog will live in an apartment, it should be apartment friendly. Since no precise restrictions are specified the size of the dog is not restricted. If the home is not cleaned frequently, the system can assume that any dog shouldn't shed much to prevent shed hair from building up in the home. Additionally, while the system cannot quantify 'cuteness,' it will prioritise popular dogs under the assumption that more popular dogs will be better liked by the average person, accounting for subjective characteristics that the system cannot quantify. The system will then query for low shedding apartment friendly dogs and sort by popularity.

VIII. Resources

Knowledge Bases, Repositories, or other Data Sources

Data	Туре	Characteristics	Description	Owner	Source	Access Policies & Usage
AKC (American Kennel Club) Dataset	Remote	Web-based	Dataset containing the following data points about 277 breeds recognized by the AKC	AKC	https://www.ak c.org/dog-bree ds/	Free for personal/No n-commerci al usage
VetStreet	Remote	Web-based	Dataset containing information about dog breeds from vetstreet	VetStreet	http://www.vet street.com/dog s/breeds	Free for personal/non -commercial usage
Dog Breeds List	Remote	Web-based	Contains characteristics per breed, popularity, and standard price range	Dog Breeds List	https://www.do gbreedslist.inf o/	Free for personal/non -commercial usage
The Kennel Club UK	Remote	Web-based	Dataset containing data points about 222 breeds, with some info specific to the UK	The Kennel Club	https://www.th ekennelclub.or g.uk/search/bre eds-a-to-z/	Free for academic use

External Ontologies, Vocabularies, or other Model Services

External Ontologies, vocabularies, or other winder services						
Resource	Language	Description	Owner	Source	Describes/Use s	Access Policies & Usage
FIBO Indices and Indicators: Economic Indicators Ontology	RDF /OWL	Thing > location > physical location > housing unit	EDM Council	https://spec.edm council.org/fibo/ ontology/IND/E conomicIndicato rs/EconomicIndi cators/HousingU nit	Used to standardise financial terms, specifically across banks and contracts	Free for non-com ercial use

Other Resources, Service, or Triggers (e.g., event notification services, application services, etc.)

Resource	Туре	Description	Owner	Source	Access Policies & Usage
(sensor or external service name)		Include a description of the resource as well as availability, if applicable	Primary owner of the service	Application or service URL; if subscription based, include subscription and any subscription	

	owner	

IX. References and Bibliography

List all reference documents – policy documents, regulations, standards, de-facto standards, glossaries, dictionaries and thesauri, taxonomies, and any other reference materials considered relevant to the use case

"Answer These 5 Questions to Find the Right Dog For You." The American Kennel Club. https://www.akc.org/expert-advice/lifestyle/answer-5-questions-find-right-dog/.

"Dictionary by Merriam-Webster: America's most-trusted online dictionary." Merriam-Webster Dictionary. https://www.merriam-webster.com.

"Dog Breed Information Ultimate Resource: Listing of All Dog Breeds." Vetstreet, http://www.vetstreet.com/dogs/breeds.

"Dog Breeds - Types of Dogs." American Kennel Club, https://www.akc.org/dog-breeds/.

"Dog Breeds ." Dogbreedslist.info, https://www.dogbreedslist.info/.

"iDog." China National Center for Bioinformation: National Genomics Data Center. https://ngdc.cncb.ac.cn/idog/breed/getAllBreed.action

K.E. Holland, "Acquiring a pet dog: A review of factors affecting the decision-making of prospective dog owners," Animals, vol. 9, no. 124, Mar. 2019, doi: 10.3390/ani9040124

Kendall, Elisa F., and Deborah L. McGuinness. Ontology Engineering. Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2019.

"Oxford English Dictionary." Oxford Dictionary. https://www.oed.com/.

X. Notes

Have not yet found a dog breed ontology. iDog has a gene ontology and a list of breeds with characteristics, but they don't seem to be integrated at all. Other ontologies also seem to be scoped at the gene level.

Tried to find an ontology that defines dogs or pets in general, but the ontologies I did find either did not have a licence agreement that I could find, had broken links that resulted in 404 errors, or were based on traits of livestock that did not describe the traits considered when getting a pet. Because of this we decided to keep Dog as the top level concept, though if we find a useable ontology in the future this may change.